

INSTRUCTION MANUAL (ATEX / IECEx) BExL15D and BExL25D Flameproof Loudspeaker For use in Flammable Gas and Dust Atmospheres



Warnings 1)

- DO NOT OPEN WHEN AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE IS PRESENT
- DO NOT OPEN WHEN ENERGIZED



 POTENTIAL ELECTROSTATIC CHARGING HAZARD - CLEAN ONLY WITH A DAMP CLOTH

• COVER BOLTS CLASS A4-80

 USE HEAT RESISTING CABLES AND CABLE GLANDS (RATED 110°C) AT AMB. **TEMPERATURES OVER 40°C**

Rating & Marking Information 2)

All units have a rating label, which carries the following important information:-

Model No.:	BExL15D or BExL25D

Impedance: $8\Omega \text{ or } 16\Omega$

70V Line or 100V Line

BExL15D or BExL25D Codes:

Ex db IIC T4 Gb Ta. -50°C to +55°C Ex db IIB T4 Gb Ta. -50°C to +70°C Ex tb IIIC T100°C Db Ta. -50°C to +55°C Ex tb IIIC T115°C Db Ta. -50°C to +70°C

Certificate No.	KEMA 99ATEX6312X
	IECEx KEM 10.0003X

Epsilon x Equipment Group and Category:

II 2G II 2D

CE Marking Notified Body No.





The units can be installed in locations with the following conditions:

Area Classification Gas:

Zone 1	Explosive gas air mixture likely to occur in normal operation.
Zone 2	Explosive gas atmosphere not likely to occur in normal operation but may be present for short periods.

Gas Groupings:

Group IIA	Propane
Group IIB	Ethylene
Group IIC	Hydrogen and Acetylene (up to 55°C ambient)

Temperature Classification:

T1	450°C
T2	300°C
Т3	200°C
T4	135°C

Area Classification Dust:

Zone 21	Explosive dust air mixture likely to occur in normal operation.
Zone 22	Explosive dust air mixture not likely to occur in normal operation, and if it does, it will only exist for a short time.

Dust Groupings:

Group IIIA	Combustible Dusts
Group IIIB	Non-Conductive Dust
Group IIIC	Conductive Dust

Maximum Surface Temperature for Dust Applications: 100°C at +55 °C ambient 115 °C at +70 °C ambient

IP Rating: IP66/67 to EN/IEC60529 and IP6X to EN/IEC60079-0, EN/IEC60079-31

Equipment Category: 2G / 2D

Equipment Protection Level: Gb / Db

Ambient Temperature Range:

-50°C to +55°C Gas Groups IIA, IIB and IIC -50°C to +70°C Gas Groups IIA and IIB -50°C to +70°C Dust Groups IIIA, IIIB and IIIC

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3) Type Approval Standards

The loudspeaker carries an EC Type Examination Certificate and IECEx Certificate of Conformity, and have been certified to comply with the following standards:

EN60079-0:2012 + A11 and EN IEC 60079-0 :2018 / IEC60079-0:2017 (Ed 7): Explosive Atmospheres -Equipment. General requirements

EN60079-1:2014 / IEC60079-1:2014 (Ed 7): Explosive Atmospheres - Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures "d"

EN 60079-31:2014 / IEC60079-31:2013 (Ed 2): Explosive Atmospheres - Equipment dust ignition protection by enclosure "t"

4) Installation Requirements

The loudspeaker must only be installed by suitably qualified personnel in accordance with the latest issues of the relevant standards:

EN60079-14 / IEC60079-14: Explosive atmospheres -Electrical installations design, selection and erection

EN60079-10-1 / IEC60079-10-1: Explosive atmospheres - Classification of areas. Explosive gas atmospheres

EN60079-10-2 / IEC60079-10-2: Explosive atmospheres – Classification of areas. Explosive dust atmospheres

The installation of the loudspeaker must also be in accordance with any local codes that may apply and should only be carried out by a competent electrical engineer who has the necessary training.

5) Special Conditions of Use

Repair of the flamepath / flameproof joints is not permitted.

The enclosure is non-conducting and may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charges under certain extreme conditions (such as high-pressure steam). The user should ensure that the equipment is not installed in a location where it may be subjected to external conditions that might cause a build-up of electrostatic charges on non-conducting surfaces.

Additionally, cleaning of the equipment should be done only with a damp cloth.

6) Location and Mounting

The location of the loudspeaker should be made with due regard to the area over which the warning signal must be visible. They should only be fixed to services that can carry the weight of the unit.

The BEx loudspeaker should be secured to any flat surface using at least two of the three 7mm fixing holes on the stainless steel U shaped mounting bracket. See Figure 1. The required angle can be achieved by loosening the two large bracket screws in the side of the unit, which allow adjustment of the loudspeaker in steps of 18°. On completion of the installation then two large bracket adjustment screws on the side of the unit must be fully tightened to ensure that the unit cannot move in service.



Fig. 1b Fixing Location for L25 Flare

7) Access to the Flameproof Enclosure



Warning – High voltage may be present, risk of electric shock. DO NOT open when energised, disconnect power before opening.



Warning – Hot surfaces. External surfaces and internal components may be hot after operation, take care when handling the equipment.

To access the Ex d chamber, remove the four M6 hexagon socket head screws and withdraw the flameproof cover taking extreme care not to damage the flameproof joints in the process. M6 cover screws are Class A4-80 stainless steel and only screws of this category can be used for the enclosure.



Fig. 2 Accessing the Explosion proof Enclosure.

On completion of the installation, the flameproof joints should be inspected to ensure that they are clean and that they have not been damaged during installation.

Check that the earth bonding wire between the two castings is secure and the 'O' ring seal is in place. When replacing the flameproof cover casting ensure that it is square with the flameproof chamber casting before inserting. Carefully push the cover in place allowing time for the air to be expelled. Only after the cover is fully in place should the four M6 Stainless Steel A4-80 cover bolts and their spring washer be inserted and tightened down. If the cover jams while it is being inserted, carefully remove it and try again. Never use the cover bolts to force the cover into position.

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8) Power Supply Selection

It is important that the loudspeakers are connected to power amplifiers that have outputs that are compatible to the type of loudspeaker being used. Loudspeakers with a 70V or 100V line matching transformer fitted must be connected to a power amplifier with a 70V or 100V line output. Low impedance 8 ohm or 16 ohm loudspeakers must be connected to amplifiers with a suitable low impedance output.

The following table shows the maximum AC signal voltages	
at which the loudspeakers can be operated:	

Model No.	Input	Wattage	Max. I/P Volts
BExL15D70V	70V Line	15W	70V
BExL15D100V	100V Line	15W	100V
BExL15D8R	8Ω	15W	10.95V
BExL15D16R	16Ω	15W	15.49V
BExL25D70V	70V Line	25W	70V
BExL25D100V	100V Line	25W	100V
BExL25D8R	8Ω	25W	14.14V
BExL25D16R	16Ω	25W	20V

The current levels taken by the each loudspeaker will depend on which output tapping has been selected (see section 12 & 13 of this instruction manual). BExL25D 70V and 100V Line units have output levels of 25W, 12.5W, 6W and 2W; BExL15D 70V and 100V Line units have output levels of 15W, 7.5W, 3W and 1W.

9) Selection of Cable. Cable Glands, Blanking Elements & Adapters

When selecting the cable size, consideration must be given to the input current that each unit draws (see table above), the number of loudspeakers on the line and the length of the cable runs. The cable size selected must have the necessary capacity to provide the input current to all of the loudspeakers connected to the line.

For ambient temperatures over $+40^{\circ}$ C the cable entry temperature may exceed $+70^{\circ}$ C and therefore suitable heat resisting cables and cable glands must be used, with a rated service temperature of at least 110° C

The dual cable gland entries have an M20 x 1.5 entry thread. To maintain the ingress protection rating and mode of protection, the cable entries must be fitted with suitably rated ATEX / IECEx certified cable glands and/or suitably rated ATEX / IECEx certified blanking devices during installation according to EN / IEC60079-14.

If a high IP (Ingress Protection) rating is required then a suitable sealing washer must be fitted under the cable glands or blanking plugs.

For use in explosive dust atmospheres, a minimum ingress protection rating of IP6X must be maintained.

The BEx loudspeaker range can be supplied with the following types of adapters:

M20 to ½" NPT M20 to ¾" NPT M20 to M25 It is important to note that stopping plugs cannot be fitted onto adapters, only directly onto the M20 entries.

Any other adapters used must be suitably rated and ATEX / IECEx certified adapters.

10) Earthing

Both AC and DC loudspeaker units must be connected to an earth. The units are provided with internal and external earth terminals which are both located on the terminal chamber section of the unit.



Fig. 3 Internal View of Cover

When using the internal earth terminal ensure that the stainless steel M4 flat washer is between the incoming earth wire and the enclosure.

Internal earthing connections should be made to the Internal Earth terminal in the base of the housing using a ring crimp terminal to secure the earth conductor under the earth clamp. The earth conductor should be at least equal in size and rating to the incoming power conductors.

External earthing connections should be made to the M5 earth stud, using a ring crimp terminal to secure the earth conductor to the earth stud. The external earth conductor should be at least 4mm² in size.

11) Cable Connections

Electrical connections are to be made into the terminal blocks on the PCBA located in the flameproof enclosure. See section 7 of this manual for access to the flameproof enclosure.

Wires having a cross sectional area between 0.5 mm² to 2.5mm² can be connected to each terminal way. If an input and output wire is required the 2-off Live/Neutral or +/-terminals can be used. If fitting 2-off wires to one terminal way the sum of the 2-off wires must be a maximum cross sectional area of 2.5mm². Strip wires to 8mm. Wires may also be fitted using ferrules. Terminal screws need to be tightened down with a tightening torque of 0.45 Nm / 5 Lb-in. When connecting wires to the terminals great care should be taken to dress the wires so that when the cover is inserted into the chamber the wires do not exert excess pressure on the terminal blocks. This is particularly important when using cables with large cross sectional areas such as 2.5mm².

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12) 70V & 100V Line In Wiring



Fig. 4 Line In Terminals

The cable connections are made into the terminal blocks on the PCB assembly located in the explosion proof enclosure. See section 7 of this manual for access to the explosion proof enclosure. The 70V & 100V Line loudspeakers are fitted with a five way terminal block. Terminal A is common and one of the other terminals B, C, D or E should be selected depending on what output level is required (see table below).

Terminals	BExL25D (25W)	BExL15D (15W)
A – B	25W	15W
A – C	12.5W	7.5W
A – D	6W	3W
A – E	2W	1W

A single wire with a cross sectional area of up to 4mm² can be connected to each terminal way or if an input and output wire is required two 2.5mm² wires can be connected to each terminal way. When connecting wires to the terminals great care should be taken to dress the wire so that when the cover is inserted into the chamber the wires do not exert excess pressure on the terminal blocks. This is particularly important when using cables with large cross sectional areas such as 2.5mm² and above.

13) Low Impedance Wiring



BExL15D 8 Ω and 16 Ω low impedance loudspeakers have dual input terminals on the pcb assembly for input and output wiring. A cable of up to 2.5mm² can be connected to each terminal. If dc line monitoring is used cut the link on the board (see figure 5 and section 14 of this manual).

14) Line Monitoring (DC Units only)

On BExL15D and BExL25D loudspeakers, dc line monitoring can be used if required. Both the 70V and 100V Line units and the Low Impedance units have blocking capacitors fitted. It should be noted that each loudspeaker has a 1M ohm bleed resistor connected across the blocking capacitor and this should be taken into account when selecting the value of the end of line monitoring resistance.

The end of line monitoring resistor can be connected across the terminals on the end of line unit. On the low impedance units care must be taken with the polarity of the monitoring voltage.

On 100V and 70V line units the end of line resistor used must have a minimum resistance value of 4k7 ohms and a minimum wattage of 2.5 watts.

On low impedance units the end of line resistor used must have a minimum resistance value of 2k ohms and a minimum wattage of 0.5 watts or a minimum resistance value of 500 ohms and a minimum wattage of 2 watts. On the low impedance units care must be taken with the polarity of the monitoring voltage. If an end of line resistor is fitted to a unit the links on the printed circuit boards of all loudspeakers in the line must be cut for the dc blocking capacitors to be in circuit in order to dc monitor the line (see figure 5).

15) Maintenance, Overhaul & Repair

Maintenance, repair and overhaul of the equipment should only be carried out by suitably qualified personnel in accordance with the current relevant standards:

Explosive atmospheres - Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation
Explosive atmospheres - Electrical installations inspection and maintenance

To avoid a possible ELECTROSTACTIC CHARGE the unit must only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

Units must not be opened while an explosive atmosphere is present.

If opening the unit during maintenance operations a clean environment must be maintained and any dust layer removed prior to opening the unit.

Flameproof threaded joints and cemented joints are not intended to be repaired.

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